

The construction industry has separate requirements for filter lens protective levels for specific types of welding operations, as indicated in Table 2 below.

Table 2

Construction Industry Requirements for Filter Lens Shade Numbers for Protection Against Radiant Energy

Welding Operation	Shade Number
Shielded metal-arc welding $\frac{1}{16}$ -, $\frac{3}{32}$ -, $\frac{1}{8}$ -, $\frac{5}{32}$ -inch diameter electrodes	10
Gas-shielded arc welding (nonferrous) $\frac{1}{16}$ -, $\frac{3}{32}$ -, $\frac{1}{8}$ -, $\frac{5}{32}$ -inch diameter electrodes	11
Gas-shielded arc welding (ferrous) $\frac{1}{16}$ -, $\frac{3}{32}$ -, $\frac{1}{8}$ -, $\frac{5}{32}$ -inch diameter electrodes	12
Shielded metal-arc welding $\frac{3}{16}$ -, $\frac{7}{32}$ -, $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch diameter electrodes	12
$\frac{5}{16}$ -, $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch diameter electrodes	14
Atomic hydrogen welding	10–14
Carbon-arc welding	14
Soldering	2
Torch brazing	3 or 4
Light cutting, up to 1 inch	3 or 4
Medium cutting, 1 to 6 inches	4 or 5
Heavy cutting, more than 6 inches	5 or 6
Gas welding (light), up to $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch	4 or 5
Gas welding (medium), $\frac{1}{8}$ - to $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch	5 or 6
Gas welding (heavy), more than $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch	6 or 8

Source: 29 CFR 1926.102(b)(1).

Laser Operations

Laser light radiation can be extremely dangerous to the unprotected eye and direct or reflected beams can cause permanent eye damage. Laser retinal burns can be painless, so it is essential that all personnel in or around laser operations wear appropriate eye protection.

Laser safety goggles should protect for the specific wavelength of the laser and must be of sufficient optical density for the energy involved. Safety goggles intended for use with laser beams must be labeled with the laser wavelengths for which they are intended to be used, the optical density of those wavelengths and the visible light transmission.

Table 3 lists maximum power or energy densities and appropriate protection levels for optical densities 5 through 8.

Table 3

Selecting Laser Safety Glass

Intensity, CW maximum power density (watts/cm²)	Attenuation	
	Optical density (O.D.)	Attenuation factor
10^{-2}	5	10^5
10^{-1}	6	10^6
1.0	7	10^7
10.0	8	10^8

Source: 29 CFR 1926.102(b)(2).